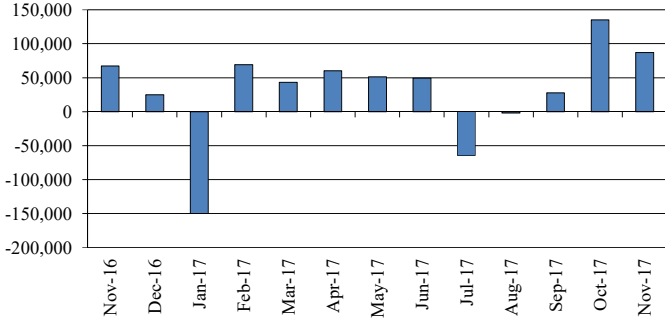
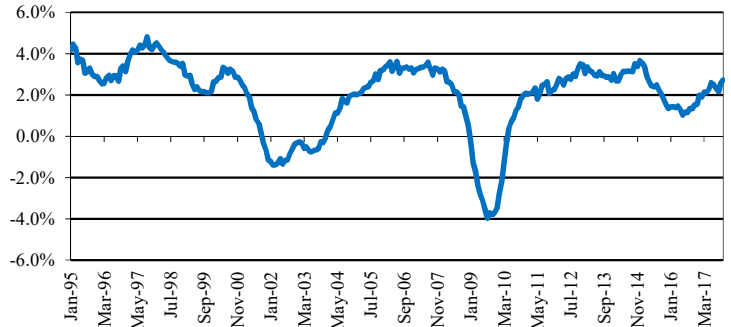


Nonagricultural Employment

Monthly Changes in Total Nonagricultural Employment



Annual Growth Rate for Total Nonagricultural Employment

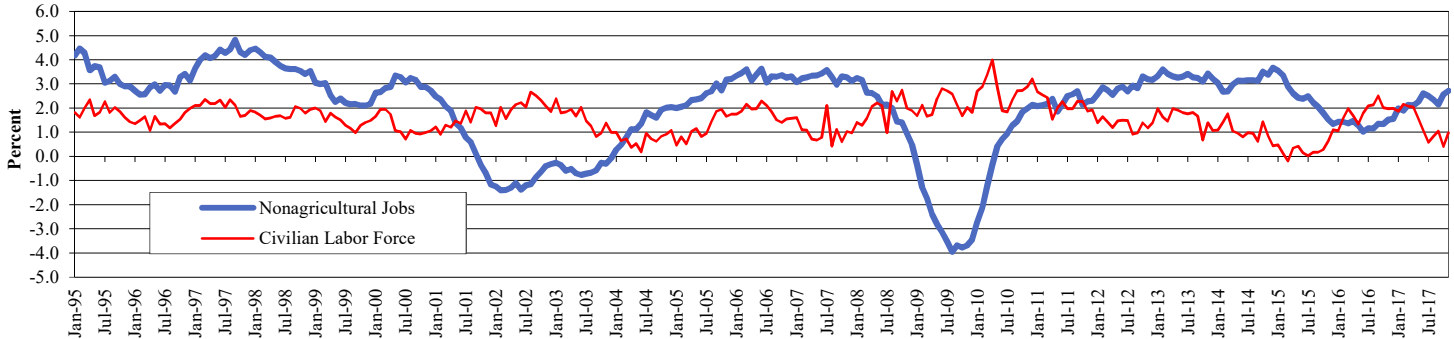


Employment by Industry	Nov-17	Oct-17	Nov-16	Monthly		Annual	
				Change	%	Change	%
Total Nonagricultural	12,531,400	12,444,500	12,199,800	86,900	0.7%	331,600	2.7%
Mining & Logging	250,300	248,500	217,600	1,800	0.7%	32,700	15.0%
Construction	733,000	731,400	709,800	1,600	0.2%	23,200	3.3%
Manufacturing	880,900	878,300	842,500	2,600	0.3%	38,400	4.6%
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	2,504,700	2,463,900	2,473,800	40,800	1.7%	30,900	1.2%
Information	189,400	189,800	202,600	-400	-0.2%	-13,200	-6.5%
Financial Activities	769,500	767,600	740,500	1,900	0.2%	29,000	3.9%
Professional & Business Services	1,713,400	1,697,700	1,656,700	15,700	0.9%	56,700	3.4%
Education & Health Services	1,702,000	1,695,600	1,662,500	6,400	0.4%	39,500	2.4%
Leisure & Hospitality	1,335,900	1,331,100	1,296,100	4,800	0.4%	39,800	3.1%
Other Services	446,900	448,100	428,400	-1,200	-0.3%	18,500	4.3%
Government	2,005,400	1,992,500	1,969,300	12,900	0.6%	36,100	1.8%

Nonagricultural Summary

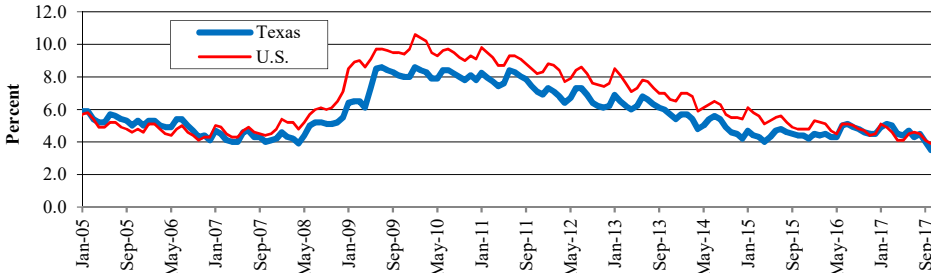
Texas Total Nonagricultural employment added 86,900 jobs from October to November, after gaining 135,000 jobs in October. Eight of 10 private industries recorded monthly increases, led by Trade, Transportation, & Utilities gain of 40,800 jobs. Government also showed growth of 12,900 jobs. Education & Health Services added 6,400 more jobs. Other Services had the biggest drop of monthly employment with 1,200 jobs lost in November. Total Nonfarm employment grew by 331,600 jobs over the year, a 2.7 percent annual growth rate, which is the highest job growth rate since March 2015. Professional & Business Services reported the largest industry growth with 56,700 jobs. Mining & Logging had the highest annual growth rate at 15.0 percent. Information reported the largest annual loss with 13,200 jobs.

Texas Total Nonagricultural Jobs vs. Civilian Labor Force (Over-the-Year Percent Change)



Civilian Labor Force and Unemployment Statistics

Texas and U.S. Unemployment Rates



Texas Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Nov-16	13,371,100	12,771,200	599,900	4.5
Jun-17	13,462,300	12,831,100	631,100	4.7
Jul-17	13,434,600	12,850,600	584,000	4.3
Aug-17	13,406,500	12,801,700	604,800	4.5
Sep-17	13,498,700	12,954,800	543,900	4.0
Oct-17	13,392,500	12,922,800	469,700	3.5
Nov-17	13,501,800	13,002,600	499,300	3.7

United States Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Nov-16	159,451,000	152,385,000	7,066,000	4.4
Jun-17	161,337,000	154,086,000	7,250,000	4.5
Jul-17	161,911,000	154,470,000	7,441,000	4.6
Aug-17	160,863,000	153,576,000	7,287,000	4.5
Sep-17	161,049,000	154,494,000	6,556,000	4.1
Oct-17	160,465,000	154,223,000	6,242,000	3.9
Nov-17	160,466,000	154,180,000	6,286,000	3.9

Labor Force Summary

The Texas not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate moved up by two-tenths of a percentage point from 3.5 percent in October to 3.7 percent in November. This is the largest October-to-November rate increase since 2010 when the unemployment rate moved up three-tenths of a percent point. The typical pattern from October to November has been a drop of one-tenth of a percentage point in the unemployment rate over the last ten years. The Texas not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell eight-tenths of a percentage point from 4.5 percent in November 2016.

The U.S. not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was unchanged at 3.9 percent from October to November. The United States rate dropped by five-tenths of a percentage point from 4.4 percent in November 2016.